

HOME

Computing

WEEKLY

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Commodore
INPUTS tamed
at last

Now!
Spectrum
Greenbrushes
reviewed



Alice in the
house
- Penman for
the BBC

Blast off for
adventure on
Zorkon with
the Amstrad
CPC464

Prestel hacked open

Prestel has admitted that it is possible for unauthorised individuals to intercept or intercept data they are logged on to the system. One of ADT's regular subscribers has discovered how to gain the information due to a problem in the operating protocol of British Telecom.

Using a Commodore computer and a modem he has been able to watch people using their banking service, pay bills and listing on the system. This means he could change the password of authorised users, making it impossible for them to set their own salaries or gain access to the future.

The type of unauthorised access is apparently common database has been much reported in recent weeks, but has always been strenuously denied by BT, who even went to the extent of having one of its information providers from the system until BT was satisfied with the allegations of illegal access.

The firm given to the use of

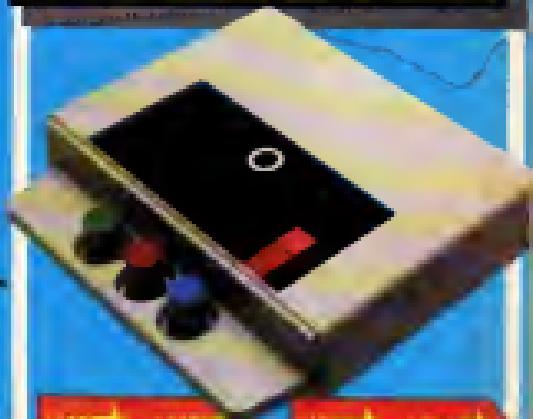
modems in this way of hacking, and there are a number of groups who spend a great deal of time trying to crack the codes that allow such access.

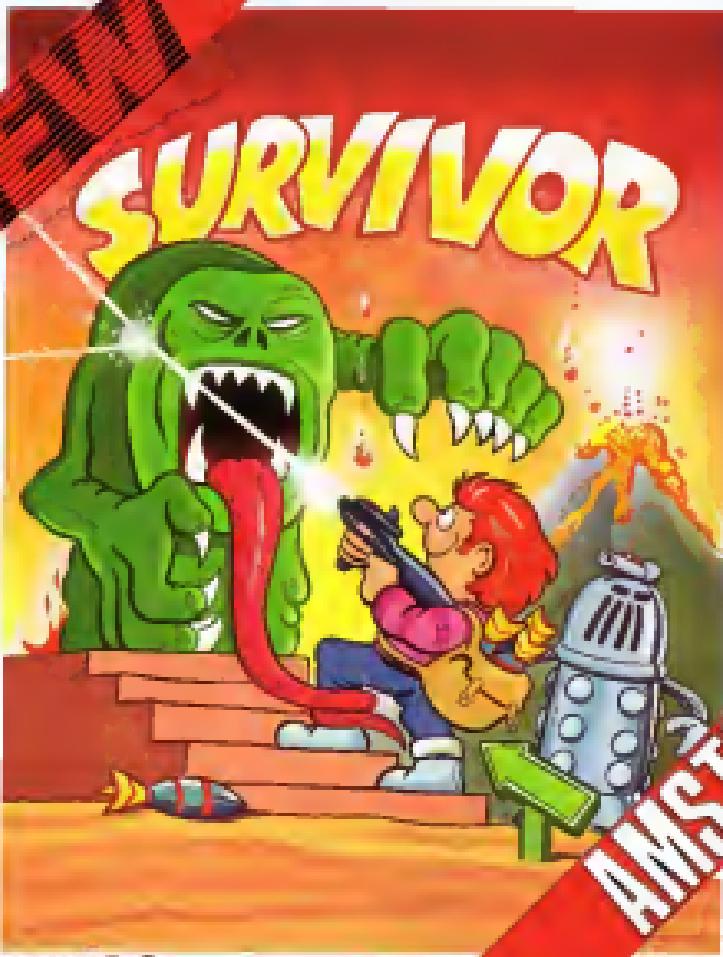
Prestel is notorious in a number of ways. It has suffered many break-ins, including one inside the London Stock Exchange, a number of closed areas which held confidential information such as details of building society and bank accounts. Anyone watching such maps etc. gets a great deal of information which could be of commercial or even personal interest.

One commentator is a responsible individual and he immediately exposed his actions on Prestel. He is discussing with them the details and discussing how security can be increased. We will be reporting on his actions in the next issue of Your Commodore magazine.

A spokesman for Prestel was unable to comment on these specific allegations, but said

Comments on page 5





AVIATOR

SURVIVOR Guards the haunted rooms of Devilous Abbey. As the undead inmates fall from your grasp, however, as you help Angus around the ancient building because of the evil spirits who will chase Angus whenever he goes. All he has to defend himself is his trusty gun and police force beret. Luckily for Angus there are various objects lying around the Abbey such as a sawed-off saw, many bags, and bottles of life giving elixir. There are 1000 various rooms all presented in amazingly clear and colourful graphics with beautifully smooth scrolling screens. Above lies a terrifying challenge for Angus and it's up to you to help him save you the soul survivors!

AMSTRAD CPC

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AMSTRAD CPC 660

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AMSTRAD CPC 660

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Home Computing **WEEKLY**

REGULARS

Report	9.9
College admissions chart	9
The plant you can trust	
One man's view	28
Newton Consultants competition	31
Why it's like worth its price, just waiting to be won!	
Letters	42
Specified info, start up	45

SOFTWARE REVIEWS

American imports	13
The love of America lies	
Fight to the death	20
Take your life in your hands when you play these games.	
Crazy characters	31
The names of these games if you fancy going bonkers	
Pinball meadow	34
Arcade games of evasions and thrill	
Ban for your life	39
Is it life or is it death at the edge of your seat	
Spiderman and So-Cos	63
Action heroes for the addressed	
Daredevil danger	64
Has anyone got the nerve to take no prisoners?	



SPECIALS

Commodore 64 programming	16
Trapping BASIC, INTR, T command	
Spectrum programming	19
Loosening the lozenge on the Spectrum	
Micro Library	21
Books, books, and more books	
Peripheral note: resistor	33
Protection of memory? Does Charles say this all	
ZX81 programming	39
How to connect video, keyboard	

PROGRAMS

Amstrad CPC664	£199
There's a software guerrilla on the plane. Zork II — with a small difference.	
Spectrum	£17
Up, up and away!	
BBC	£19
Achieve the impossible — save the world!	
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Table 1. Computing time to a problem size $N = 10^6$. Authors are grouped by country. In bold is the fastest. Run on Intel(R) Xeon(R) E5-2680 v3 2.5GHz 48GB RAM dual socket server. Results are given in seconds.



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PROGRAMMERS

WE ARE LOOKING FOR THE QUALITY PROGRAMMES TO MARKET IN THE UK AND ABROAD. THE PROGRAMMES MUST BE OF THE QUALITY OF THE MACHINES THEY ARE WRITTEN FOR. GRAPHICS AND SOUNDS ARE A MUST. CONCEPTS WE ARE LOOKING FOR ARE: ADVENTURE, COMPUTER GAME WORK ON NEW MACHINES SUCH AS THE C 64, AMIGA, AMSTRAD AND MSX. WE CAN SUPPLY THESE MACHINES TO CARRY OUT ANY TESTS. WE NEED YOUR NAME, MAIL ADDRESS, A PRICE LIST WITH THE BEST FOR COMMENCE RECEIVER OR THE THIN RTG SOURCE TAPES WHICH WE WILL FIGHT TO GET. MARKET WE OFFER US, OUR SALES PAYMENT IN THE FIRST PAYMENT 50%, AND AT THIS PAYMENT WE PAY 50% OF THE CONTRACT. THE SELLER MANAGER HE WILL BE DEDICATED TO TREAT YOU AS A FRIENDLY FAMILY HAVE.

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SALES MANAGER
T.C. SAPHIER

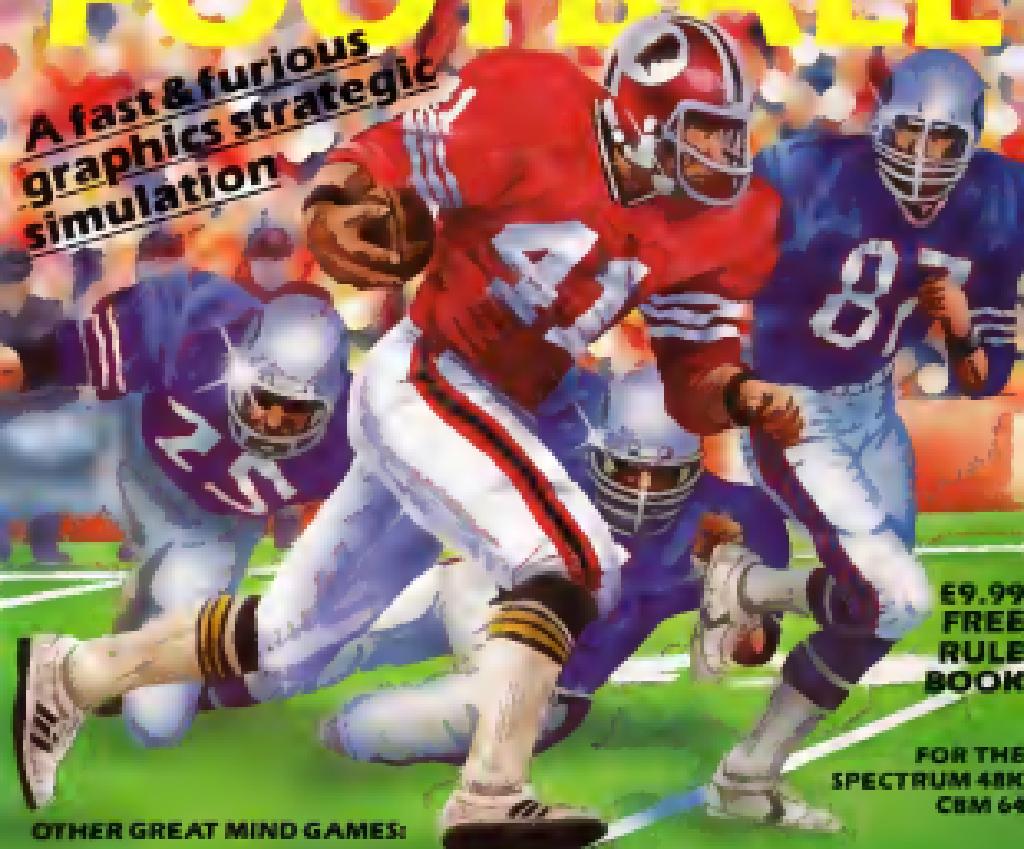
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After a desperate space
battle only one Robot
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prevent the invasion of
earth. The future of
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100 20 gallup

Compiled by

Software

HCW is proud to present the Gallup software chart — the one to believe in. Gallup's reputation as a credible market research company is second to none. This software study is carried out nationwide in both independent and chain stores, on a weekly basis.

This is the chart to watch out for — the one you know you can trust.

Week Ending January 8, 1985

100
20

RETAILERS

1	*	1	Ghostsbusters
2	*	2	Dale Thompson's Description
3	*	3	Munch Day
4	*	4	Air Wolf
5	*	5	Starstrike 3D
6	*	6	Betty
7	*	7	Music Miner
8	*	8	Select 1
9	*	9	Hunchback II
10	*	10	Hunchback
11	*	11	Football Manager
12	*	12	Beach Head
13	*	13	Knight Lore
14	*	14	Eiba
15	*	15	Smashoids
16	*	16	American Football
17	*	17	Steve Davis Snooker
18	*	18	Monty Python Wanted
19	*	19	Flight Path 737
20	*	20	Raid over Moscow

Advertiser
Ocean
Ocean
Ocean
Fox
Activision
Activision
Activision
Software Projects
Computer Projects
Ocean
Ocean
Addictive
US Gold
Ultimate
Accordant
Mile Highsoft
Music Genome
CCS
Sierra
Amiga
US Gold

SPECTRUM

Top Ten

1	Ghostsbusters
2	Activision
3	Munch Day
4	Ocean
5	Dale Thompson's Description
6	Air Wolf
7	Starstrike 3D
8	Betty
9	Football
10	Knight Lore

BBC

Top Ten

1	Eiba
2	Starstrike
3	Betty Wolf
4	Activision
5	Music Miner
6	Software Projects
7	Smashoids
8	Ultimate
9	Hunchback
10	Fox

COMMODORE

Top Ten

1	Ghostsbusters
2	Activision
3	Dale Thompson's Description
4	Ocean
5	Raid over Moscow
6	US Gold
7	Betty
8	US Gold
9	Select 1
10	Computer Projects

David Brooks guides you through the hazards of BASIC

If you've ever done even a little programming in your Commodore, you probably know that the INPUT command is the usual way of getting information from you to the computer through the keyboard. Here's the simplest program I can think of which uses the command:

```
10 INPUT "LAST NAME"
20 PRINT "YOUR LAST
NAME IS ";S
```

Type in the program and run it. When the input message appears, followed by a question mark, type your last name and press the RETURN key. (All the keyboard inputs required to progress in this book should be followed by a RETURN unless a special command.) Your name will be printed on the screen following the message "YOUR LAST NAME IS".

This is, indeed, very simple. Now I'm going to show that the INPUT command is full of surprises and traps. In the following Change List I'll record:

10 "LAST NAME, FIRST
NAME";S

Run the program. When the input message appears, type your last name, a comma, and your first name. Now you should see the message "YOUR LAST NAME IS" and your last name printed.

It's kind of quirky like this which are frustrating for the beginner. They make programs hard to use and will cause your friends to sneer at your "dumb" computer. After all, you've asked it to accept a perfectly reasonable input and it has responded by showing back non-sensical messages and misunderstanding what you intended.

The problem is that the INPUT command interprets commas as a special sort of a "variable separator," which divides input variables from numbers. It thinks you're trying to give it more information than it is looking for, so it just ignores each of it. Armed with this knowledge, we can adjust the results we want for last name, it's quite right.

10 INPUT "LAST NAME,

Taming the BASIC INPUT command

FIRST NAME";L,I,P
20 PRINT "YOUR NAME IS
",L,I,P

Try it; it works, but doesn't it seem like a lot of trouble? You might think of using some clever punctuation to separate last and first names, even though commas are what you'd naturally use. Try this:

10 INPUT N
20 PRINT N

When you run the program and the first prompt appears, type the following characters: ABCDEFPO. When this is printed you'll see only ABCDEF. Why? You're right. The INPUT command also accepts a dollar sign as a variable separator. There's really no good explanation for this, but that's the way it works. A colon or a slash, or the other hand, will be accepted as part of a string variable. You can easily try to type ABCDEFPO\$ or ABCDEFPO// or anything else to see what happens.

Here's one more example of a potential problem with INPUT:

10 INPUT "TYPE ANY
NUMBER";N
20 PRINT N

Note that there are no "TYPE" signs after the N in this line. When you run this program, it works fine if you type digits in response to the "TYPE" sign, but if you type letters at the end of the line, try typing a letter instead. In this case you get the message "REDO FROM
STAND" and the input prompt is repeated. This is the Commodore's rather obscure way of telling you that you've typed something it can't accept. Is this ever something other than a number?

If your program asks for a number with a numerical variable like N instead of an alphanumeric character with a string variable like N\$, the INPUT command will only accept numbers. Note that if

you've asked for a string variable you can respond with one or more digits, which will be treated as alphanumeric information. But it won't work the other way around!

There are more examples of what reasonable people might consider to be failings of the INPUT command. It also has the option to go past all of them here. It's too bad, because these problems make computers appear expensive and worthless. If you're going to do any kind of the simplest programming, and especially if your programs are going to be used by others, you really shouldn't use the INPUT command at all.

The way around INPUT is to use GET. This command accepts one character at a time from the keyboard. Try this program:

```
10 PRINT "TYPE LAST
NAME, FIRST NAME".
20 NL$=""
30 GET C, P--- THEN 30
40 IF C$=25-CHAR(13) THEN 30
50 NL$=NL$+C$ PRINT NL$,
60 GOTO 30
70 PRINT PRINT$
```

This may seem like a lot of trouble because you have to construct your own version of an input routine, but there are lots of advantages. First, let's look at what each line does:

Line 10: since there's no INPUT command with no optional prompting message, I've passed my own message telling you what to do. Note that there are "----" automatically printed after the prompt, because that comes from the INPUT command.

Line 20: defines a string variable with nothing in it to start strong.

Line 30: GET's a character. The computer just waits for you to do something. (Please a Return character should not be typed after responding to a GET.)

Line 40: if C\$ isn't a RETURN, add (concatenate) it to NL\$ and print the character.

Line 50: goes back to the GET command.

Line 60: prints the results.

When you run this program, you'll notice that there's no blanking cursor, but you can type your responses anyway. Here's one additional word of warning: if you type a quote mark, your computer will hang up and you'll have to turn it off to regain control. I'll show you how to overcome these two difficulties later.

The basic advantage (and challenge) of this program is that GET doesn't try to interpret your responses like INPUT does. You have an opportunity to look at each character as it comes from the keyboard, and with a little extra programming, you can respond to or ignore any character you like. The program steps would be inserted between lines 30 and 40. Line 30 is read with programmed interpretation, so it tells the computer to recognize a Return as instead of your response to the input prompt message.

As another example of controlling the response to a particular character, add the line:

20 IF C\$="%" THEN 30

The result is that NL\$ entered from the keyboard are spaced. GET isn't bothered by commas, as you can see when you respond with your last name, it doesn't need commas, either, or ignoring the punctuation and just typing ABCDEFPO.

Now I want to show you a particular situation where carefully thought out keyboard input is important. Suppose you're writing a menu-driven

David Nowotnik,
HCW regular
contributor,
shows you how
to loop the
loop in machine
code

Anyone with experience of BASIC programming will know the power and utility of PEEK-NEXT loops - the ability to repeat many times over a similar sequence of operations within a few lines of program. Loops are important for the same reason of economy and here are two ways of looping in ZX Spectrum code, with examples for the ZX Spectrum.

If you want a loop which is repeated no more than 256 times, then the 256 command DANEZ is the command to use. For example, B and JUMP if Not Zero. This means that the B register is used as a loop counter. When the DANEZ instruction is executed, the value in the B register is decremented by one. If the new value is not zero, then the program jumps back to start of the loop. If it is zero, then the program continues, with the instructions immediately following DANEZ.

DANEZ is a one-byte instruction: the first byte is the opcode, the second is the operand, which defines the direction (forward and direction of the jump) in the program. With DANEZ you can jump forward or backwards in the program. The jump will be forward if the opcode has a value between 0 and 127. The direction of the jump, in bytes, will be the value of the opcode, you may counting from the address of the opcode immediately following DANEZ.

For repeated values between 128 and 255, the jump is backwards, as required in a loop. The direction of the jump

Looping the loop on the Spectrum

in bytes, is calculated by 256-a, where a is the value of the operand.

To use DANEZ, the register B has to be loaded first with a number, which is the number of times the user wants to repeat the loop. A simple assembly language example is shown in Table 1. Register B is LOADED with 64, and the register pair HL is loaded with the memory address of the Spectrum's attribute file. By using a loop, the last 64 bytes of the attribute file have been placed into them. Check that you can see how the operation of DANEZ is contained in the example.

To try the example, type in the BASIC machine code loader in Table 1, SAVE it, then RUN it. Try changing the value operand, and see the effect; this will help you understand how the routine works.

For loops repeated more than 256 times, a two-byte register has to be used as a loop counter. There is no single instruction to form a loop with a register pair, so a few lines of code are required to perform such a loop. Take a look at the example in Table 2.

The BC register pair is used as the loop counter, and this is LOADED with the value of the highest bit (bit 7 of 80H) which is required. The HL pair is again loaded with the end of the attribute file, and the attribute file is filled with the value 100 using LD (HL), 100 from within the loop.

To perform a large loop, the BC register first decremented. This operation does not set the zero flag when BC is zero, so we need to perform another operation to check if BC holds the relative zero. The routine by the sequence — LD A,B OR C. This is often called as a logical OR operation on the values in the B and C registers. The result of the operation can only equal zero when B=0 and C=0. I.e. when BC holds the

value zero. If BC is not zero, then the loop is repeated, otherwise, a RETURN to BASIC is performed.

The BASIC loader in Table 2 will allow you to try the example in the assembly language listing. Again, type in an, SAVE it and RUN it. Also, change the additional address to observe the effect. Be as careful as you could crash the computer if you use too big a number in your loop counter!

Instruction	Byte values	Comments
LD B,64	8,64	Set the loop counter
LD HL,32628	30,0,88	Address 100
LOOP	54,100	POKE HL,100
LD C,HL	35	Next address
LDNE B,LDNP	16,251	End of loop
RET	201	RETURN to BASIC

```

10 CLEAR 29999
20 LET a=30000
30 READ a: IF a=-1 THEN GO TO 60
40 FOR a=a LET a=a+1
50 GO TO 30
60 IFUSR 30000 THEN
100 DATA 1,0,2,3,33,0,69,54,100,
110 DATA 33,14,231,201,-1

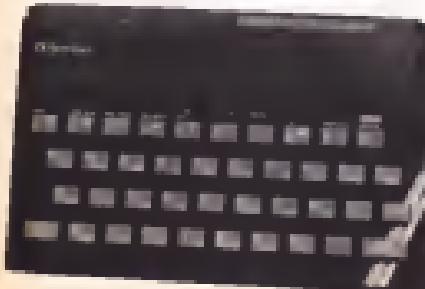
```

Instruction	Byte values	Comments
LD BC,256	1,0,2	Set the loop counter
LD HL,22308	30,0,88	Address 100
LD A=1,BCD	54,100	POKE HL,100
INC HL	35	Next address
DEC BC	11	Decrement counter
OR B	121	Check if BC is equal
JR NZ,n:LDNP	19,246	LDNP if not or
RET	201	RETURN to BASIC

```

10 CLEAR 29999
20 LET a=30000
30 READ a: IF a=-1 THEN GO TO 60
40 FOR a=a LET a=a+1
50 GO TO 30
60 IFUSR 30000 THEN
100 DATA 1,0,2,3,33,0,69,54,100,
110 DATA 33,14,231,178,32,240,201,-1

```



Up periscope!

In R Butcher's game you must gauge the speed and range of passing vessels in order to score accurate hits. Think before you move.

The object is to work at today's stage as quickly with the 3D graphics. The scene consists of a passenger train, around which maps of varying coverage, speed and track data.

"Whether a ship is fast or not depends on where the torpedoes are fired, in relation to speed and course."

There are three speeds and three ranges, giving nine different combinations, as well as running currentless right to left and vice versa.

Any number of repeaters may be fixed at one shop. To the right of the principle view is the schematic plan which gives all necessary information.

The size of the shop is
unspecified and the time they take

11

at high speed
long, impulsive running
stop, stop, stop
short, sharp stops
changes of play as stops
end of end = 1 stop or lot, if not
end of game
slow, whether they pause 1-2 or
1-3.
speed at which they travel
the length of stop
the duration of stop
a horizontal position of stop
all ends of play, marriage
all ends of game, marriage

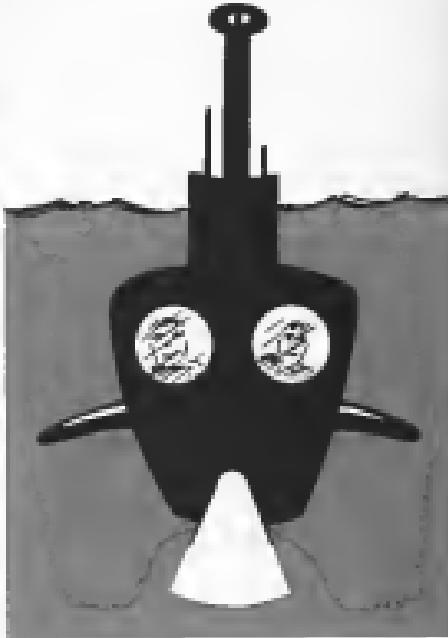
4. **REGISTRATION:** Please go to [psu.edu](http://www.psu.edu) and search for "PSU Library Card Application". Fill out the form and submit it online. You will receive an email confirmation with your library card number.

to get across the screen are in proportion, which gives a realistic simulation. By changing the "Z" FACTOR between 100, 1000, 2000 or FACTOR 20 the game may be speeded up. Full instructions are in the program.

— 1 —

14-16 *not mentioned*
14-16 *playful and good*
14-16 *soft and green foliage*
14-16 *deciduous which drop in autumn*
14-16 *shorter lifespan for living longer than for moving short distances*

199-211 *loop for moving chips*
199-211 *8*
199-211 *reproduction rate*
199-211 *adult (age)*
199-211 *reproductive part*
199-211 *and of genes*
199-211 *and of other (more complex) organisms*
199-211 *intra-specific competition*
199-211 *inter-specific competition*
199-211 *local scale*
199-211 *process (adaptive) traits*
199-211 *adaptive (adaptive) traits*
199-211 *decreases (adaptive) costs*
PLAY CATEGORIES
199-212 *USGS for ACTION*
199-212 *USGS for ACTION*



TO GO TO THE HOME
TO GO TO THE HOME PAGE GO TO HOME
TO GO TO THE HOME PAGE GO TO HOME
TO GO TO THE HOME PAGE GO TO HOME
TO GO TO THE HOME PAGE GO TO HOME

100 hours to reach 0.0001% error, so this will require 1000-10000 times longer than the current best results.

1920-21 school year. There are no plans
1920-21 to expand or build. The new
plans call for a program of gradual expansion.
The new building will be built in two stages.
The first stage will be completed by the
end of 1921. The second stage will be com-
pleted by the end of 1922.

1977-78
Year of earliest field work there 1977-78
Date 1977-81 PUBLISHED AT 1978-79

Cannonball Chess

TI-99/4A £6

Wardlow, 10 Alston Rd, Stockport SK2 8BT

The instructions for this complicated war game are contained on one side of the cassette. They mention a small number of characters. There is just too much to remember, and it's hard to follow. The moves don't seem to make sense. The game takes a long time to load so this also detracts against the program.

Despite all these shortcomings, I assume that the strategy requirements caused the author to design it with chess.

It is much more user-oriented than the usual strategy, and will probably not appeal to those who don't like thinking about the board.

There are two kingdoms represented by arrows, and - guess what — you are the ruler of one, and the ruler of the other has had to keep your kingdom out of business. The result is war.

The computer acts as mediator, deciding who gets to move how far before they can attack, and the graphics are good. The game does not run very smoothly and for those who prefer not against this would be a good try. This would be recommended.

P.B.

entertainment
playability
graphics
value for money

★★★☆

Henri

Atari £8.95

Vivago, 1 Palace House, Sturt St, London WC1H 9PT

Hours upon hours, whoever made you join the Polish Legion? One afternoon young Frenchman may well wonder this when trapped in an underground tunnel, watched by deadly Soviet commandos from behind iron bars. And knowing he may never see it again.

You must pull over the map, the darkness, decipher a path through the rock walls, search for food and drink, and make your way to the commando station where he has been told his body should be concealed for as long as possible. Should he succeed, he can then return to safety.

Repeatedly around are heavy sounds of machine gun fire, the rhythmic thud from beneath them. Henri can't shake the pursuing Soviets. There are several commanding options. Fire, explosive devices, both auditory projectiles, mine and effects, and an evasive weapon system.

I played Henri for a couple of hours and found it a super game. Then I discovered a disastrous flaw: the last Soviet chapter, unfortunately with no chapter title, was too. You don't know what the game is were going to do, then it becomes boring.

To end, Henri, have gone into hiding on the impossible route. Bon voyage, Henri. B.W.L.

Fight to the death

Take your life in your hands when you play these games. You'll need nerve

The Wild Bunch

48K Spectrum £2.50

The Wild Bunch is an adventure, set in the Wild West and as such must be the literary sort of game. You have been wrongly accused of a killing, and with a Partner and two other pals, you have to find the lawmen who really filled him full of lead.

The cult hero, however, wants still revenge, so you can start to the robbery of the gold bullion. At this point you can either become the notorious bandit, killing ranks, or try to rescue the gold from a sheriff. The game doesn't let you do this in practice, so it's up to you to figure out a series of high risks. You wait for the gangsters to move on track before making your

All or nothing

48K Spectrum

Athena

Here is a game that pushes back the boundaries of what can be expected with the Spectrum.

The graphics are not many colors, produced by palette and dither. Your objective is to rescue the gold filer, located in one of the buildings. The whole game is depicted in full dragon perspective 3D, so you can't help thinking that this is

With "Carrie" (More Spectrums' answer), I was amazed that one could afford "Shop" at £19.99. I didn't, but I did. As of that's own merits, you can even all the gold houses and the presents are depicted in full 3D in its splendor.

Finally, you never move the

mouse off, and open the safe containing the warehouse keys. You have 90 seconds to find the four right combinations, before the alarm sounds. All very exciting. So ready yourself, you have to pick up objects in the surroundings, and juggle, and handle gold bars. There are 100 to kill to discover the guards and dogs.

Instructions are on the screen and no help required, covering 23 actions. The graphics although a very high standard.

entertainment
playability
graphics
value for money

★★★★★

Terra Force

16K Spectrum £2.50

Playfirst, Wellington Way, Dene Hill Business Park, Leicester LE11 9PH

Terra Force is from the recently launched range of budget software from Playfirst. This shouldn't deter you, because "Terrorist" might suggest which player's appearance higher than the others.

Your objective is to defend the fortress and the moon from the goblins, a sort of giant砧木, starting at the base of the screen. You use your laser beam to shoot the clusters of green eggs, the insects down the screen. Eventually the eggs become larger and finally merged masses which can knock away your Precious Moonstone. Gradually, I managed to achieve the same as you. I could not manage to reach the final level, so I can not report on a few additional missions are lying in store.

With smooth, slightly jagged graphics, sound effects, relatively difficult, tough, high score feature and impressive screen compatibility, there is nothing to suggest that this game can be obtained for under £2.50. Although the plot sounds bizarre, it's worth investing in to lose change out of your pockets for the cost.

entertainment
playability
graphics
value for money

★★★★★

★★★☆

★★★★

★★★★

★★★★

★★★★

★★★★

★★★★

★★★★

BBC and Plus/4

Title: Educational Games For the BBC Micro
Author: Ian Storer
Publisher: BBC Books
Price: £12.95
Description: Programs for the BBC using the graphics facility

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Microfiche
Author: Ian Storer
Publisher: BBC Books
Price: £12.95
Description: Computer music for the BBC

The Invincible Usborne for the Spectrum

Author: Tim Argus
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Price: £12.95
Description: The complete toolkit needed to construct efficient programs

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Author: John Davies
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Author: Clive Wilkesman

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A comprehensive introduction to the Apple II.

Title: Doing the Most from your BBC Micro

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A collection of programs specially written for the BBC.

Title: Copying the Moon from BBC Micro

Author: Clive Wilkesman

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Price: £12.95

A survey of programs for the Apple III.

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Author: Geoff Phillips
Publisher: Published by McGraw-Hill Book Company (UK) Limited
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Title: Advanced Programming for the CPC

Author: Geoff Phillips

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For programmers who want to make the most of the CPC's facilities.

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Publisher: BBC Books

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Title: The Amstrad Program Book

Author: Steve Apps

Publisher: Published by Phoenix

Price: £12.95

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MSX**Title: Starting Machine Code on the MSX**

Author: G P Bailey

Publisher: Future Computer

Price: £12.95

An introduction to writing machine code programs and machine language assembly language.

Title: The ZX Spectrum Book

Author: Steve Apps

Publisher: Published by Phoenix

Price: £12.95

A collection of programs for the ZX Spectrum.

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Author: John Storer

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A book which looks in depth at the CPC's sound and graphics facilities.

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Author: Peter Goods

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Penman Products, 4 Highgate Close, Buntingford, Herts, MK4 8NP.

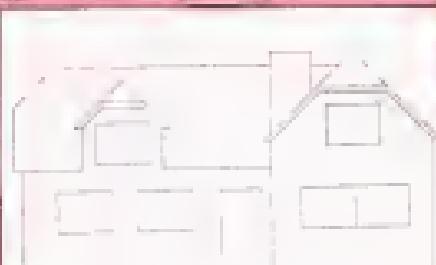
Is it a mouse? A pen? A printer? A plotter? It's a Penman and it can do all these things!

In the race to find interesting and useful add-ons, this product is likely to be a real winner. In many foreseen as a pen/computer, but it doesn't print or plot in the usual way. Most printers are designed to move a print head of some type across a fixed piece of paper — not the Penman. With the machine the paper is held flat on the desk, and the print head walks across the surface, drawing in a path.

This might seem like just another sort of the kind you find recommended for young children to use with a LOGO language pack. The penman can be used in this way, too, and has a special hole which holds a pen at the centre of rotation for just such a use. But that is usually much more than a ruse for it has a full character set and can be used to print text, as well as diagrams, maps, etc. Advanced three-colour plotting features. With the addition of colour rotators this has to be one of the most flexible and potentially useful add-ons on the market.

Penman or mouse?

What is there the Penman can't do? It's a mouse, turtle, printer and plotter all in one. Dave Carlos checked it over for you



GREETINGS!

Examples of Penman plotting

Penman robot plotter

But what is it? Well, from the press sheets here you can see it certainly does work very well as a pen/plotter. I tried it with all types of plotting styles and the result was very clean and accurate. I drew ten or so shapes by making it trace the same pattern twice on the same sheet of paper and measuring its accuracy. The Penman isn't suitable for this test, since each time you roll it no point or plot is going to find the edge of the paper and, using a pair of optical sensors, starts the plot in slightly different places. The only problem I had in the report was that new pens needed to replace a little, but the pens were got.

The Penman must be used



with good quality paper and this can be quite expensive. It must also be used on a good hard surface, as flat as possible. I used the optional plotting plates and this made life very easy.

Software is an essential. It contains all the routines you might need and all the drawings here were plotted using the package. Of all the clever routines suggested the easiest is the most difficult to set but you soon get the hang of it too. If you want to use this as a real turtle, the Amstrad 1600/2000 pack for the BBC has driven the tortoise nicely. If you want to program your own routines you can always request just in time would write an application program. The manual could be a little more helpful in this regard, though.

While I cannot see many people buying one of these just as a toy, they are well designed and built and will be used in schools and business applications where this type of equipment is desired. I have no hesitation in recommending the product.

D.C.



96 RAM

MSX: The pros and cons

The news columns of *PCW* and other magazines have regularly had snippets of information about the new standard of MSX — the best thing since the ZX81. An entire battery of computers ready to destroy the British computer industry is jumping over from Japan to the concreted horror of Commodore, Sinclair and Acorn. They have good reason to worry as Joe Public is bound to buy their new arrivals with all the glee previously reserved by dogs to the South of France (I wish I was a computer journalist!).

However, I believe there can be disadvantages from everyone's point of view. By setting a standard with which manufacturers must comply, obviously it also sets a limiting factor. Keeping BASIC the same is easy to work round — just add POKER 8 to Commodore — but hardware is another thing entirely. Most of the chips announced or seen so far are available — TI-99/4 video display processor and AT-3-8000 sound chip. Even these have been around for some time, but what about the Z804? Ideal new bootstrap macros are using 18 or 32 bit processors and that is starting to move into the home market but the Z804 is the widely used but rapidly becoming outdated 8 bit.

Looking at the past two years as the company industry, who can believe that light will be a viable alternative two years from now? What is available today is available in a year — remember the ZEDB? People could not keep quiet about it when it was launched, but now 30 countries are involved again by means of Zedbeam, launched just a year later.

The Z-581 was a great leap forward in micros, but M-5X is just an average design, not much different from a Commodore 64 or Texas TI-99/4A, so who can guess when it will become outdated?

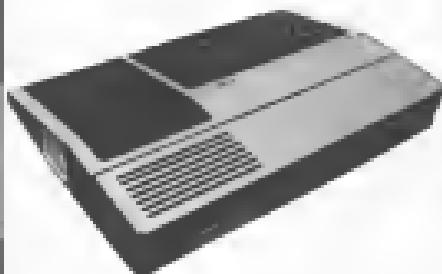
OK, so up to now I sound like a spokesman for Sunsoft, but I can see some advantages. Apart from the obvious compatibility, some specialised features can be added, although software exploiting this will be exclusive to the machine. My favourite so far is Yamaha's own sequencer based facilities.

I will conclude with this advice for anyone interested in buying a new computer and considering MSX. Do not take the MSX Agent as a parameter of buying the best computer. Look at the competition carefully. Consider all the pros and cons and if you were innovative, do not look to Japan.

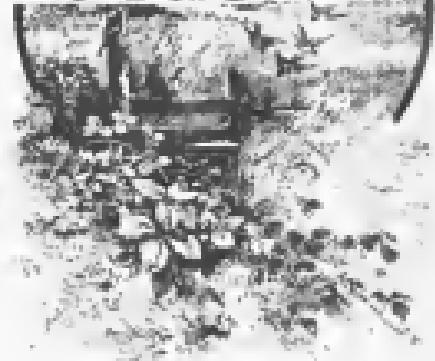
Robin Florydyk, Maitland



Pick the flowers in the garden — but watch out for deadly toadstools. You'll need swift reactions to be a success. By Paul Twigg



Come into the garden, Maude



Are you fed up with TI games which pass by though each time you press a key? This program was written to solve this problem.

All you have to do is pick the flowers, avoiding the toadstools. Sounds simple? It's not. You never stop moving and you need nimble fingers to get a high score.

Keys B and D have been used so you can use one hand and let

the other move.
100 REM set colour
100-200 set flower colour
200-400 set toadstool
400-600 instructions
600-700 set up screen
700-800 start routine
1175-1200 pick flower
1200-1250 pick toadstool
1300-1400 print scores
1400-1500 play music
1500-1550 home scoring

1600-1700 print directions
1800-1900 to score, name printed

Comments: The 1600-1700 sections should be simple as the program is simple.

CALL CLEAR clear the screen
CALL INTRAC print A
CALL TOBAS print B
CALL GOURA print PELLE
CALL CHAN user defined graphics font codes

Variables:
A score
B age number
C column number
D flower score counter

Speaker: The amount of flowers remains constant but the toadstools increase in number as the game progresses. They run down up where you last picked them, so watch your step!

```

100 REM SET COLOURS
110 CALL CLRSP
120 CALL SCREEN 13
130 CALL COLDP 1,5-15
140 CALL COLDP 13-127
150 CALL COLDP 14-5-1
160 CALL COLDP 16-16-1
170 FOP R=2 TO 12
180 CALL COLDP 8-14-15
190 NEXT R
200 REM DEFINE GRAPHICS
210 CALL CHR$ 32,"0000000000000000
FF"
220 CALL CHR$ 120,"1800eE7ADFFFF
819"
230 CALL CHR$ 140,"1C00e1C00e1C00
1C"
240 CALL CHR$ 150,"3644386CHR384

```

```

4061
250 CALL CHR$ 152,"1E1C7E7E1E1S1
818"
260 REM TITLE SCREEN
270 CALL HCHR$ 1,1-140-32
280 CALL HCHR$ 24-1-140-32
290 CALL VCHR$ 1-1-140-24
300 CALL VCHR$ 1-32-140-24
310 JS="THE FLOWER PICKER"
320 P=7
330 GOSUB 1600
340 JS="WRITTEN BY PHIL RODS TM
96"
350 P=14
360 GOSUB 1600
370 JS="PRESS /N FOR INSTRUCTION
BS "
380 R=21

```

```

390 GOSUB 1600
400 CALL KEY(0..L-5)
410 IF S=0 THEN 400
420 IF I=99 THEN 450
430 IF E=78 THEN 490 ELSE 400
440 PEM INTUCTIONS
450 CALL CLERP
460 JS=" THE FLOWER PICKER"
470 P=1
480 GOSUB 1600
490 JS="RUSH AROUND THE FIELD"
500 R=4
510 GOSUB 1600
520 JS="COLLECTING THE FLOWERS"
530 P=6
540 GOSUB 1600
550 JS="BUT AVOID THE TORDSTOOLS"
560 P=3
570 GOSUB 1600
580 JS="AS THEY WILL HILL YOU."
590 F=10
600 GOSUB 1600
610 JS="IF YOU CAN PICK ENOUGH"
620 P=12
630 GOSUB 1600
640 JS="FLOWERS YOU WILL CHANGE"
650 P=14
660 GOSUB 1600
670 JS="COLOUR AND THEN YOU CAN"
680 P=16
690 GOSUB 1600
700 JS="PICK ONE TORDSTOOL."
710 R=18
720 GOSUB 1600
730 JS="USE KEYS E + D TO MOVE"
740 P=20
750 GOSUB 1600
760 JS="UP AND DOWN."
770 P=22
780 GOSUB 1600
790 JS="PRESS ANY KEY TO PLAY"
800 R=24
810 GOSUB 1600
820 CALL KEY(0..K..S)
830 IF S=0 THEN 820
840 CALL CLERP
850 CALL CHRP(32,"")
860 FOR R=1 TO 12
870 CALL COLOR(R..2..1)
880 NEXT R
890 CALL SCREEN(13)
900 H=0
910 SC=0
920 PRND(112E
930 FOR O=1 TO 30

```

```

940 CALL HCHRP(INT..rnd+22+2)..INT
950 IF N>29+3..140
950 CALL HCHRP..INT..rnd+21+3..INT
960 NEXT O
970 REM PATH ROUTINE
980 PEM MHIN ROUTINE
990 FOR M=1 TO 24
1000 FOR B=2 TO 32
1010 CALL 60HMP..M..B..X
1020 IF B>130 THEN 1040
1030 GOSUB 1320
1040 IF B>140 THEN 1060
1050 GOSUB 1180
1060 CALL KEY(1..K..S)
1070 CALL HCHRP..M..B..150
1080 CALL HCHRP..M..B..42
1090 IF L=S..5++M=2..THEN 1110
1100 H=M+1
1110 IF K=L..31+M=24..THEN 1130
1120 H=M+1
1130 NEXT B
1140 IF M>24 THEN 1160
1150 H=23
1160 NEXT M
1170 PEM PICK FLOWER
1180 CALL SOUND(10,-5..0)
1190 H=M+1
1200 H=M+1
1210 SC=SC+10
1220 CALL HCHRP..INT..rnd+22+2..IN
T..rnd+29+3..140
1230 IF N>10 THEN 1250
1240 GOSUB 1510
1250 IF N>15 THEN 1270 ELSE 126
0
1260 GOSUB 1550
1270 IF R>5 THEN 1300
1280 CALL HCHRP..INT..rnd+22+2..IN
T..rnd+29+3..1300
1290 P=0
1300 RETURN
1310 PEM PICK TORDSTOOL
1320 IF N>10 THEN 1330 ELSE 134
0
1330 GOTO 1530
1340 FOR R=1 TO 30 STEP 2
1350 CALL HCHRP..M..B..152
1360 CALL SOUND(100,-3..R)
1370 CALL SCREEN(rnd+124)
1380 NEXT R
1390 PEM PRINT SCORE
1400 CALL CLEAR
1410 IF SC>HS THEN 1420 ELSE 144
0
1420 HS=SC

```

PROGRAM

```
1430 60SUB 1650
1440 PRINT "BIG DEAL" : HS : "POINTE"
1450 PRINT "NET" : SCORE": HS::::
1460 SC=0
1470 INPUT "PRESS ENTER TO PLAY
AGAIN": DS
1480 IF DS="N" THEN 1490 ELSE 04
0
1490 END
1500 REM BONUS SCORE
1510 CALL COLOR(15-16-1)
1520 RETURN
1530 SC=SC+100
1540 CALL ROUND(50,-3,0)
1550 NW=0
1560 CALL HCHARP(1NT(PNB+23+1),11
T(PNB+30+1..130))
1570 CALL COLOR(15-2-1)
1580 RETURN
1590 REM PPINT AT
1600 PNP 1=1 TO LEN(A)
1610 CALL HCHARP(2+1,ASC(BEEN)+J
3,15)
1620 NEXT J
```

```
1630 RETURN
1640 REM HI SCORE
1650 JS="OH JOLLY GOOD! A NEW HI
SCORE"
1660 R=15
1670 60SUB 1600
1680 JS="PLEASE TYPE IN YOUR NAME
E"
1690 R=20
1700 60SUB 1600
1710 PPINT "BEST SCORE IS PNP ="
1755"
1720 INPUT NS
1730 IF NS="" THEN 1790
1740 IF Z=1 THEN 1820
1750 PPINT "I SAID TYPE IN YOUR
NAME": Z
1760 Z=Z+1
1770 GOTO 1720
1780 PPINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO F
LRY": Z
1790 CALL KEY(0-R,S)
1800 IF S=0 THEN 1790
1810 GOTO 640
1820 PRINT ::"DON'T BOTHER THEN"
```

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ZX81 PROGRAMMING

Diana Smith
explains how
to simulate the
SCREEN\$
function on
your ZX81 with
a short
machine code
routine

Decay the function passing on the ZX81 is SCREEN\$. On the Spectrum, SCREEN\$ is used under its own to use the display on tape as a block of code or read a character position off the display.

When used to fetch a character down the screen, it works like an inverted PRINT AT statement, giving the code of the character at a specified line and column on the screen. This operation can be done fairly simply by PEEKing the display file; however, PEEKing a selected character using BASIC is rather slow.

The machine code routine given below speeds up the operation considerably and reads characters from the display into a variable so that they can be SAVEd.

Firstly, it begins an unexpanded tape to the ZX81 display file is structured. In the UK ZX81, space 0 is a permanent and is switch on the character positions of a NEWLINE marker followed by an end-of-line NEWLINE for each of the 24 lines of the screen.

This means the display file is only 24 bytes long. As characters are put on the screen, the file expands to accommodate them. When a BASIC program is run that uses NEWLINE is added, the display file is automatically expanded to as full size, that is, a NEWLINE marker and 24 lines of 32 bytes, each ending with a NEWLINE and end-of-line marker.

To illustrate this, consider the following two BASIC statements:

10 LIST SCREEN\$
PRINT CHR\$(14)*PEEK(1)

20 PRINT CHR\$(14)*PEEK(1)+C+33PL

Line 10 looks up the value in the system variable DFILE and stores it in the variable SCREEN\$. This holds the address of the first byte of the display file and will be the first NEWLINE

How to improve your image

characters. Line 20 puts the characters which are columns 0 and lines 1 of the display file into the variable DFILE as an operation of PRINT SCREEN\$ (L,C).

Now the line number is multiplied by 32 to allow for the NEWLINE character at end of each line. Try not use using the colon and less colon on page 123 of the manual. Remember, you can't type on the screen first from within a program. It won't work as a direct command because the screen will be cleared first!

Table 1 is a transcript of the short machine code routine used to transfer the display file to a string array. The machine code routine presented here is only for use on a ZX81 but will perform similarly to give a fully expanded display file. It will transfer 22 bytes of 32 characters into a string array which uses the first defined variable. By transforming the characters in the first variable in memory, we need the code to include a search routine. The lines are limited to 22 as that you can copy data back to the screen using the BASIC PRINT command rather than another machine code routine.

The first section of the routine finds the address of the start of the variables area which is held as the system variable VARS and moves on to find the last address of the array. Page 124 of the manual explains this step.

It then loads the address of the first byte of the display file, skips over the NEWLINE characters and then transfers the next 22 bytes of the display file into the first 22 bytes of the array. The code then repeats the operation until 22 bytes have been transferred.

Key in the machine code of Table 1, using the physical loader given in Listing 1. Make sure the ROM romancer is set to 16Kbytes at least 24 characters. Run this program which will prompt you with the address of the word file to be entered. Key in the line name corresponding to the address as the screen followed by NEWLINE.

Repeat until all the code has been passed. When all 24 bytes have been input, you will get the repeat @10. Let the program

and return from 10 to 30. Key CLR A# NEWLINE and save the code as SCREEN\$.

Test the routine by keying in Listing 2. Then CLRA# the variable used to store A# at the first defined variable and can be found by the routine. This routine entry will hold the characters which make up the screen.

Lines 1, 10 and 20 should always be the first three lines of

a program using this routine. Listed in is a good idea to save these lines as NEWLINE under their own line.

Lines 10 to 16 produce an example screen. Line 20 calls the routine which then transfers the display of A# Line 10 shows the words and line 120 represents it as a fraction of the time it took to set up originally.

If you now SAVE Listing 2, the screen display will also be saved as the variable A#. Should you want to move a number of screens in your programs, you should then transfer the contents of A# to another array. Calling the routine again will transfer another screen into A#. You can repeat this as often as you like and you can put as many screens as you like.

Table 1. Transcript of SCREEN\$

Address	Memory	Comments	Value
10216	LD D6,8	Dependent from VARS	17
10217	LD		1
10218	HL,(16400)	VARS	42
10219			16
10220	ADD HL,DE	Locate of A#00	24
10221	LD DE,HL	Transfer to DE	25
10222	LD		1
10223	HL,(16796)	DFILE	42
10224			16
10225	LD E, 12	E=12	1
10226	PUSH BC	Save B	107
10227 loop	INC HL	Increase DFILER by 1	25
10228	LD BC,0	E=12	1
10229			16
10230	LDIR	Move a line	217
10231			175
10232	POP BC	Get B	175
10233	SHRZ, loop	Flushed 22 lines?	14
10234			256
10235	RET	Tr. Return to BASIC	201

Listing 1

```
1 REM 1.6K 16400-16796 10216-10227 10230-10235
2 FOR B=168014 TO 168027
3 CLR256
4 DSR B#00000000
5 FOR D=1 TO 22+20
6 INI INT "-B".
7 NEXT D
8 FOR E=1 TO 12
9 PLOT B#E,D#0
10 NEXT E
11 FOR B=168014 TO 168027
12 PLOT B#E,D#0
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Think before you move

Each time you move you colour a square red. Careful not to box yourself into a corner — you'll have to have all your wits about you.

By Gary Todd



Legend (thought to read as the
page for the unexpanded
Vid-CD) What you must do to
make your character round and
real. Each time you pass over a
square you collect a card.

square you choose is red.

Once a square is red, you cannot place touch over it. You must be careful not to trap yourself in a corner, and to stick to your problems. A dog can bring red squares. You should always find yourself at a green, or you're not safe!

Page 1 of 1

The main problem with the V-2's FORMA Location PARTS was located at around 10 High, location 2000's are located at around Location 44000's were located and located at Block The source or lead in the main parts were at Location 7800-8100, which were being changed to the part number

Page 11

**Book and paper had variables
The players' concentrations
and P-values were set by scores.**

Page 10

- SC** highly aware
- SD** high aware
- S** perceive of stress
- T** poor self of sleep
- PA**, **PR**, **EEG**, **N**, **ME** psychophysiological variables
- C** number of substances used simultaneously
- P** develops when sleep flora
- M** number added to perceive as something that affects memory seems to give a subject

Br'bert Amstrad CPC 664 £5.99

Matthew Johnson, 17, HHS
House Rd, Newcastle, Cleveland
TS1 2QZ.

As if you hadn't guessed it by now this is the parental pinball game in which you play as being a "dumb as a post" dad! The score is up to colour as many babies as you can before being caught and stripped of life. It's one of the older publications.

In this game there are five more. Targets are on the original stage, as the babies try to run or fly so and there are the bricks that they can use to distract you from getting the score. It goes to 10 targets back and forth from the Goals as to be a master load of them via. There is the usual snake and

spinning dots that you use to clear the screen and that's it really. The graphics aren't bad but with plenty of colour.

Moving and all that, it's a mother's love as played at other games I have seen. For the Amstrad it is far from a joke but that is a three pounds cheaper than most Amstrad games. BBC.

Entertainment

playability?

Value for money

SCUBA Attack 48K Spectrum £6.99

Chris

It is long time I have had with the Amstrad but SCUBA was an exception. See Bob Cramond (University Computing Computer) set that when a review of this game I have written.

You suppose to be an under water diver collecting divers with all bases, but definitely not SCUBA, diver, diver, diver and diver, a surface, scuba diver, diver, diver and collecting an underwater diver, but what is that as well?

What I will say that you have to keep your divers with some boats, you might be surprised from what you can get in a short time, but then there is the other 10 seconds left.

I found no resistance of the tracks the divers were supposed to go along, and the pollution didn't affect.

Although everything moved smoothly, and the Leyland review was positive, there is nothing in the game to hold you interest.

Entertainment	90%
playability?	87%
Value for money	87%

★★★

David's Midnight Magic CBM 64 £9.99

Matthew, Ashfield Ave, Palace St, Macclesfield SK10.

This must be the best version of computer pinball that I have ever seen. It's quite the same but has something different added to it.

The pinball table varies at almost two thirds of the screen. The remainder is the bottom screen. Up to four players may compete using the standard joysticks and the controls are not supported by the program.

The game contains two sets of left and right flippers along with a set of left and right bumpers. Playing the table will lead to the table and give the ball back home. Because of this feature a left and right ball bonus power. The player bonus power is also introduced by the game.

The graphics are extremely good and very realistic. The sound is of an equally high standard.

The instructions leave a lot to the user and do not fully explain the game. It is easy to understand, this is as mentioned on the menu and loads very well.

All Amstrad programs come with comments for players, all correct and just like the Commodore and Amiga entry in a computer store or was a £3.99 computer.

R.I.

Entertainment

playability?

Value for money

★★★

Pinball magic

Here's a page of arcade games for your micro, including the ever popular pinball

Ghostbusters CBM 64 £10.99

Matthew, 11 Market Sts, Marylebone Rd, Regent Park, London NW1.

This is the program of the book of the title. The game is about a group of people who are not so bad but some of an intelligent of ghosts. The game follows the same theme. You take and a fireman as a ghost destroyer, then human and sit on the New York City skyline.

At the beginning you are given money to buy equipment and control equipment, you must make a careful choice of the best available, buy the weapon and the other car. If the equipment you need has it or you won't be able to buy the equipment for your job.

The game didn't come up to my expectations. Not much the map for ghosts that drive in the

building. However, yet few humans are the way. You can buy an easier the game without playing enough equipment.

The game was very well done but the game lacked some power and it was more based on a 3D. This needs a joystick.

Entertainment	80%
playability?	80%
Value for money	80%

★★★

Quinx CBM 64 £8.99

Matthew, Whitstable Road, Tunbridge Wells, Kent TN1.

Back in the days of the Commodore PET, Reprosoft used to supply a range of games, utilities and business software second to none. I still have a great respect for them, but Quinx is not going to help restore them to the top.

The scenario is of Arthur having a nightmare before his exam, defeating a share of bugs against his training worms. When you have eaten many worms, Arthur ends up with them before him, right, starting then back with Tails. Unfortunately, it's only contained four levels with 100 bugs per level and some power-ups. Just think of nearly half programming deleted. Once the mike is full, the worms have used up one third of its disk, another quarter of a different cassette. What the program of Arthur is not concerned with a piece of paper or less 10% of the size of the original, is a nod of humor. The disk of the thermal sensors and power settings have become considerably lighter.

Whilst the graphics are good for a musical tapeprogrammer's standard. There's no fast load or high score table, and it's not particularly cheap. Overall nothing special.

Entertainment	90%
playability?	87%
Value for money	80%

★★★

Entertainment

playability?

Value for money

★★★

SPECTRUM PROGRAM

We've got a **Superstore**, why
not be all that happy with
our **second hand**?

Here's a program which
depends on the Spectrum's
scroll facilities and opens up
new possibilities for making a
game like *Space Invaders*.

Now you can keep away to your heart's content, with a variety of different sounds emerging from your computer!

Listen to this! You'll be surprised and delighted at the improvements to your Spectrum's noise capabilities with this program by I. Priddey

1. 電子商務、自駕、移動支付

1.8

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5 CLS$=452000
7 REM PTC CODE 1
10 FOR I=450000 TO 450860: READ A$ FROM I,0,I NEXT I
20 DATA 33,138,8,17,0,0,280,180,0,280
29 REM PTC CODE 2
38 FOR I=450000 TO 450870: READ B$ FROM I,0,I NEXT I
48 DATA 33,138,8,17,0,0,280,180,0,280
49 REM PTC CODE 3
58 FOR I=450870 TO 450880: READ C$ FROM I,0,I NEXT I
68 DATA 33,138,8,17,0,0,280,180,0,280
69 REM PTC CODE 4
78 FOR I=450880 TO 451000: READ D$ FROM I,0,I NEXT I
88 DATA 58,72,92,15,15,15,38,8,243,211,254,238,18,47,14,254,29,32,244,251,284
89 REM PTC CODE 5
98 FOR I=451000 TO 451120: READ E$ FROM I,0,I NEXT I
108 DATA 58,72,92,15,15,38,8,243,211,254,238,18,47,14,254,29,32,244,251,284
109 REM PTC CODE 6
118 FOR I=451120 TO 451180: READ F$ FROM I,0,I NEXT I
128 DATA 58,72,74,15,38,8,243,211,254,238,18,47,18,254,29,32,244,251,284
129 REM PTC CODE 7
138 FOR I=451180 TO 451190: READ G$ FROM I,0,I NEXT I
148 DATA 240,58,34,34,15,0,38,8,0,120,8,0,211,254,238,16,0,46,8,95,92,167,237,0
2,227,0,17,84,2,20,125,148,24,1,84,120,81,23,238,11,179,177,32,223,238,283
289 REM BASIC SOUNDS ROUTINES
298 REM SOUND 1
313 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 1": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: NEXT I
320 REM SOUND 2
333 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 2": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: NEXT I
340 REM SOUND 3
353 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 3": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 450870: NEXT I
360 REM SOUND 4
373 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 4": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
382 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: NEXT I
398 REM SOUND 5
411 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 5": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: NEXT I
428 REM SOUND 6
441 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 6": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 451180: NEXT I
458 REM SOUND 7
471 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 7": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 451180: NEXT I
488 REM SOUND 8
500 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 8": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 451180: NEXT I
517 REM SOUND 9
530 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 9": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 451180: RANDOM
542 USR 451180: RANDOMIZE USR 451180: NEXT I
559 REM SOUND 10
576 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 10": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
589 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: NEXT I
606 REM SOUND 11
623 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 11": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
636 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 451180: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: NEXT I
653 REM SOUND 12
670 PAUSE 380:CLS : PRINT "ROUND 12": FOR I=1 TO 280: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
683 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 451180: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
696 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
713 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
726 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
743 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
756 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
773 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
786 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
803 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
816 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
833 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
846 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
863 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
876 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
893 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
906 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
923 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
936 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
953 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
966 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
983 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM
996 USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOMIZE USR 450860: RANDOM

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Chopper

Oric/

**Atmos 64K
£6.50**

Software, 11 High St, Lydney,
Glos GL12 8SF

In this side-scrolling game — spelling from right to left — you fly a helicopter through eleven different stages. You fly low, you can enemy helicopters, land yourself and avoid obstacles as you speed towards zero.

In the initial, you start off fast, but the enemy helicopters and sections drop along after it's a case of avoiding them.

In the third, you arrive at the money base. You have to hit the controls in the god of the underside shield. What that is done, a life appears on the barrier which you have to defend in the final. They

politeable helicopter goes for shields between stages, you need to protect your chopper's refuelling base. When the three stages are completed they are repeated in a longer run.

The graphics are superb. The characters are excellently well defined and sound is used to good effect. All the reward screens are fast and, overall this is an addictive game that can outlast most of the best games around.

★★★☆

instructions	90%
playability	90%
graphics	90%
value for money	90%

Run Bobby Run

**48K Spectrum
£2.50**

Software, Wellington Sts, Upper St Merton's Ln, London WC2H 9QJ

The plot is the old one of cops and robbers. In your garage, you drive round past five Police stations, shooting the seven police out of pursuit. By driving carefully and avoiding obstacles of course, you can get the police out of your way much faster.

Then on the lower level I found the grand fireworks display — perhaps too difficult. The money relay requires that when you have reached certain levels, you have to collect more rounds, whatever you must before the bonus is given by a mobile or static mobile of cash.

When I first visited the stage on which I was robbing, I could see the police coming at me.

On the whole, I found the interface confusing, as there were just more than two different modes and these had to be selected when each setting as such as the cars. I did try to improve my performance by collecting a mobile, but discovered that it did not progress that way down with the speed. The game is played with one eight keypad so it is a pressed £2.50.

★★★☆

instructions	90%
playability	70%
graphics	80%
value for money	70%

Super Scramble

**CBM 64
£6.50**

Microgen, 101 Romsey Rd, Farnham GU10 3PR

In the early days when like was simple there were space invaders, bumper and bumper. Computer game inventors got bored, then were proactive, but as it happened, that they were good. Microgen seem to continue what they have produced a string of successes. And, I must say, it's been great as I've seen.

You play a space ship moving left or right across ten sets of sectors. You collect fuel for boosting fuel storage and you collect, touch and generally avoid enemy objects. The only real part is boost fuel. The approach is standard. The game appears to be a blend of many games tools.

The design is excellent with smooth scrolling and moderately smooth radar, weapons and colour scheme. The music is an appealing version of Fleetwood Mac and the only way to complain is to say it's too short or hasn't enough songs to listen to.

The idea here seems to be slightly on the safe side. The fact is, it really works. They should appeal to beginners who want to feel they're getting somewhere.

If you really need a sensible alternative past collection, then you've worth a good look.

★★★☆

instructions	90%
playability	90%
graphics	80%
value for money	80%

Run for your life

Four exciting games to have you on the edge of your seat. Our reviewers give you the low-down

Booty

**48K Spectrum
£2.50**

Software, Wellington Sts, Upper St Merton's Ln, London WC2H 9QJ

The only cheap game about Booty is the price. One can't help but be impressed by the lightning speed of a game by Microgen and when looking at graphics, the impressiveness of the game coupled with the bootstrap theme gives a great impression. The game is maintained when the game starts up.

You are located below decks on the pirate's galley and your objective is to attack the heavily defended doors and windows throughout the interior area, collecting treasure. To progress along the area is possible by moving with large surfaces and doors. So if you decide to end those battles, watch out.

don't forget that the field is quite a bit larger. Come through certain doors in eighth deadly as there is nothing on the other side but a dead end, so be careful.

The graphics are smooth moving and the sound is excellent, the game has quite an atmospheric quality which is an indication that it should do well and I've certainly seen quite a competitive market taking for the game since its price. To progress will a smooth and rhythmic pace and there just doesn't seem to be the Booty.

instructions	90%
playability	90%
graphics	90%
value for money	90%

★★★☆

Mobooctive

TI-99/4A £5

Microgen, 101 Romsey Rd, Farnham GU10 3PR

Mobile bands of enemies are an unusual feature to collect on a scroll, playfully illustrated in a space-themed war. This isn't for nothing your health bar decreases with all damage, as a mobile controlled robot is ready to opponent.

The screen division is correct and there are three different mobile characters, in which the main character, 11 all barrels and collected within the main band a fresh character, at a much advanced level, then the robot character on the last screen. Robots are controlled by each band controller, as well as having no competing with access to power.

The layout has been carefully planned. To reach each of the areas, the robot needs to be taken away in order to make full use of platforms and collect a strong resource, like the mid-infrared. There are big moments which take control of the game, while power is lost in various blocks of cells.

Control of movement is from a joystick, using one thumb and going left and right diagonals. Some game features are different to previous set of the Space Invaders, including invasions with the hardware players against the game. The game includes BASIC.

instructions	80%
playability	80%
graphics	80%
value for money	80%

★★★☆

Money is the theme of this program by David Bridge. Collect the £s and get rich quick

This is a game for budding Commodore 64 owners. Your aim is to get as much £ money as you can without bumping into anything white.

The game has five stages. Stage one is fairly easy but stage five is certainly approachable so you'll need a bit of practice.

How to programme

The C64 has just 640 bytes of memory in a 256 word RAM. The screen area is 256x160 so the maximum field of view is 16x10. To overcome the limits of the screen, if you remember, there is a 2000 character memory buffer at screen position 1600 and 4096 bytes of video memory at 1600.

POKE 1024,0 turns the screen black. POKE 1024,1000 turns the screen back. PRINT CHR\$(14) puts the C64 in lower case and CHR\$(14) is upper case. Randomised RAND both generates a random number and whether the line buffer has been processed and unprocessed is accordingly.

All POKEs on lines 90-110 are for screen manipulation. While there's a border here or there.

Now, and the next few sections, I'm going to tell you how to programme. Starting with the basics. Making a variable because an unprogrammed variable POKE'd holding a wrong value may crash the computer or crash my advertising budget.

First, here's some code and a few notes and comments. You will notice that the code uses double quotes around strings, which is the correct way to do it. Don't copy down exactly as it is, type it in.

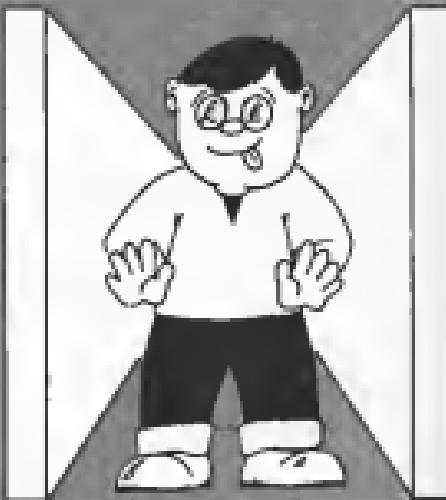
First you are faced with local variables and global variables.

Money maze

Variation	
91-100	position of player
92	randomise character M by its old new position
93	level lost
94	money picked up including bonus
95	money dropped
96	money left
97	score
98	speed of player
99	rate of speed increase
100	skill level
F	etc

For	
2000-1000	print score
1000-700	print the position
500-300	pick skill level, each one needs a different game
3000-3000	score so far, when

more are best
1000-1000 tell of game results
1000-1000 get direction of control
Commodore 64, 1600, 1600,
space bar down. Alternatively you could use joystick or scroll



How to make	
1	when lower case characters
100	get input from keyboard, set all characters to 16, make screen black
2	when upper case characters
200	set to 1600
200	get characters and work out new positions, check if valid move
200-300	count up players to

```
10 PRINT "COM64" :110 LET A=1 :120 LET B=1 :130 LET C=1 :140 LET D=1 :150 LET E=1 :160 LET F=1 :170 LET G=1 :180 LET H=1 :190 LET I=1 :200 LET J=1 :210 LET K=1 :220 LET L=1 :230 LET M=1 :240 LET N=1 :250 LET O=1 :260 LET P=1 :270 LET Q=1 :280 LET R=1 :290 LET S=1 :300 LET T=1 :310 LET U=1 :320 LET V=1 :330 LET W=1 :340 LET X=1 :350 LET Y=1 :360 LET Z=1 :370 LET AA=1 :380 LET BB=1 :390 LET CC=1 :400 LET DD=1 :410 LET EE=1 :420 LET FF=1 :430 LET GG=1 :440 LET HH=1 :450 LET II=1 :460 LET JJ=1 :470 LET KK=1 :480 LET LL=1 :490 LET MM=1 :500 LET NN=1 :510 LET OO=1 :520 LET PP=1 :530 LET QQ=1 :540 LET RR=1 :550 LET SS=1 :560 LET TT=1 :570 LET UU=1 :580 LET VV=1 :590 LET WW=1 :600 LET XX=1 :610 LET YY=1 :620 LET ZZ=1 :630 LET AAA=1 :640 LET BBB=1 :650 LET CCC=1 :660 LET DDD=1 :670 LET EEE=1 :680 LET FFF=1 :690 LET GGG=1 :700 LET HHH=1 :710 LET III=1 :720 LET JJJ=1 :730 LET KKK=1 :740 LET LLL=1 :750 LET MMM=1 :760 LET NNN=1 :770 LET OOO=1 :780 LET PPP=1 :790 LET QQQ=1 :800 LET RRR=1 :810 LET SSS=1 :820 LET TTT=1 :830 LET UUU=1 :840 LET VVV=1 :850 LET WWW=1 :860 LET XXX=1 :870 LET YYY=1 :880 LET ZZZ=1 :890 LET AAAA=1 :900 LET BBBB=1 :910 LET CCCC=1 :920 LET DDDD=1 :930 LET EEEE=1 :940 LET FFFF=1 :950 LET GGGG=1 :960 LET HHHH=1 :970 LET IIII=1 :980 LET JJJJ=1 :990 LET KKKK=1 :1000 LET LLLL=1 :1010 LET MLLL=1 :1020 LET NLLL=1 :1030 LET OLLL=1 :1040 LET PLLL=1 :1050 LET QLLL=1 :1060 LET RLLL=1 :1070 LET SLLL=1 :1080 LET TLLL=1 :1090 LET ULLL=1 :1100 LET VLLL=1 :1110 LET WLLL=1 :1120 LET XLLL=1 :1130 LET YLLL=1 :1140 LET ZLLL=1 :1150 LET AAAAA=1 :1160 LET BBBBB=1 :1170 LET CCCCC=1 :1180 LET DDDDD=1 :1190 LET EEEEE=1 :1200 LET FFFFF=1 :1210 LET GGGGG=1 :1220 LET HHHHH=1 :1230 LET IIIII=1 :1240 LET JJJJJ=1 :1250 LET KKKKK=1 :1260 LET LLLLL=1 :1270 LET MLLLL=1 :1280 LET NLLLL=1 :1290 LET OLLLL=1 :1300 LET PLLLL=1 :1310 LET QLLLL=1 :1320 LET RLLLL=1 :1330 LET SLLLL=1 :1340 LET TLLLL=1 :1350 LET ULLLL=1 :1360 LET VLLLL=1 :1370 LET WLLLL=1 :1380 LET XLLLL=1 :1390 LET YLLLL=1 :1400 LET ZLLLL=1 :1410 LET AAAAAA=1 :1420 LET BBBBBB=1 :1430 LET CCCCCC=1 :1440 LET DDDDDD=1 :1450 LET EEEEEE=1 :1460 LET FFFFFF=1 :1470 LET GGGGGG=1 :1480 LET HHHHHH=1 :1490 LET IIIIII=1 :1500 LET JJJJJJ=1 :1510 LET KKKKKK=1 :1520 LET LLLLLL=1 :1530 LET MLLLLL=1 :1540 LET NLLLLL=1 :1550 LET OLLLLL=1 :1560 LET PLLLLL=1 :1570 LET QLLLLL=1 :1580 LET RLLLLL=1 :1590 LET SLLLLL=1 :1600 LET TLLLLL=1 :1610 LET ULLLLL=1 :1620 LET VLLLLL=1 :1630 LET WLLLLL=1 :1640 LET XLLLLL=1 :1650 LET YLLLLL=1 :1660 LET ZLLLLL=1 :1670 LET AAAAAA=1 :1680 LET BBBBBB=1 :1690 LET CCCCCC=1 :1700 LET DDDDDD=1 :1710 LET EEEEEE=1 :1720 LET FFFFFF=1 :1730 LET GGGGGG=1 :1740 LET HHHHHH=1 :1750 LET IIIIII=1 :1760 LET JJJJJJ=1 :1770 LET KKKKKK=1 :1780 LET LLLLLL=1 :1790 LET MLLLLL=1 :1800 LET NLLLLL=1 :1810 LET OLLLLL=1 :1820 LET PLLLLL=1 :1830 LET QLLLLL=1 :1840 LET RLLLLL=1 :1850 LET SLLLLL=1 :1860 LET TLLLLL=1 :1870 LET ULLLLL=1 :1880 LET VLLLLL=1 :1890 LET WLLLLL=1 :1900 LET XLLLLL=1 :1910 LET YLLLLL=1 :1920 LET ZLLLLL=1 :1930 LET AAAAAA=1 :1940 LET BBBBBB=1 :1950 LET CCCCCC=1 :1960 LET DDDDDD=1 :1970 LET EEEEEE=1 :1980 LET FFFFFF=1 :1990 LET GGGGGG=1 :2000 LET HHHHHH=1 :2010 LET IIIIII=1 :2020 LET JJJJJJ=1 :2030 LET KKKKKK=1 :2040 LET LLLLLL=1 :2050 LET MLLLLL=1 :2060 LET NLLLLL=1 :2070 LET OLLLLL=1 :2080 LET PLLLLL=1 :2090 LET QLLLLL=1 :2100 LET RLLLLL=1 :2110 LET SLLLLL=1 :2120 LET TLLLLL=1 :2130 LET ULLLLL=1 :2140 LET VLLLLL=1 :2150 LET WLLLLL=1 :2160 LET XLLLLL=1 :2170 LET YLLLLL=1 :2180 LET ZLLLLL=1 :2190 LET AAAAAA=1 :2200 LET BBBBBB=1 :2210 LET CCCCCC=1 :2220 LET DDDDDD=1 :2230 LET EEEEEE=1 :2240 LET FFFFFF=1 :2250 LET GGGGGG=1 :2260 LET HHHHHH=1 :2270 LET IIIIII=1 :2280 LET JJJJJJ=1 :2290 LET KKKKKK=1 :2300 LET LLLLLL=1 :2310 LET MLLLLL=1 :2320 LET NLLLLL=1 :2330 LET OLLLLL=1 :2340 LET PLLLLL=1 :2350 LET QLLLLL=1 :2360 LET RLLLLL=1 :2370 LET SLLLLL=1 :2380 LET TLLLLL=1 :2390 LET ULLLLL=1 :2400 LET VLLLLL=1 :2410 LET WLLLLL=1 :2420 LET XLLLLL=1 :2430 LET YLLLLL=1 :2440 LET ZLLLLL=1 :2450 LET AAAAAA=1 :2460 LET BBBBBB=1 :2470 LET CCCCCC=1 :2480 LET DDDDDD=1 :2490 LET EEEEEE=1 :2500 LET FFFFFF=1 :2510 LET GGGGGG=1 :2520 LET HHHHHH=1 :2530 LET IIIIII=1 :2540 LET JJJJJJ=1 :2550 LET KKKKKK=1 :2560 LET LLLLLL=1 :2570 LET MLLLLL=1 :2580 LET NLLLLL=1 :2590 LET OLLLLL=1 :2600 LET PLLLLL=1 :2610 LET QLLLLL=1 :2620 LET RLLLLL=1 :2630 LET SLLLLL=1 :2640 LET TLLLLL=1 :2650 LET ULLLLL=1 :2660 LET VLLLLL=1 :2670 LET WLLLLL=1 :2680 LET XLLLLL=1 :2690 LET YLLLLL=1 :2700 LET ZLLLLL=1 :2710 LET AAAAAA=1 :2720 LET BBBBBB=1 :2730 LET CCCCCC=1 :2740 LET DDDDDD=1 :2750 LET EEEEEE=1 :2760 LET FFFFFF=1 :2770 LET GGGGGG=1 :2780 LET HHHHHH=1 :2790 LET IIIIII=1 :2800 LET JJJJJJ=1 :2810 LET KKKKKK=1 :2820 LET LLLLLL=1 :2830 LET MLLLLL=1 :2840 LET NLLLLL=1 :2850 LET OLLLLL=1 :2860 LET PLLLLL=1 :2870 LET QLLLLL=1 :2880 LET RLLLLL=1 :2890 LET SLLLLL=1 :2900 LET TLLLLL=1 :2910 LET ULLLLL=1 :2920 LET VLLLLL=1 :2930 LET WLLLLL=1 :2940 LET XLLLLL=1 :2950 LET YLLLLL=1 :2960 LET ZLLLLL=1 :2970 LET AAAAAA=1 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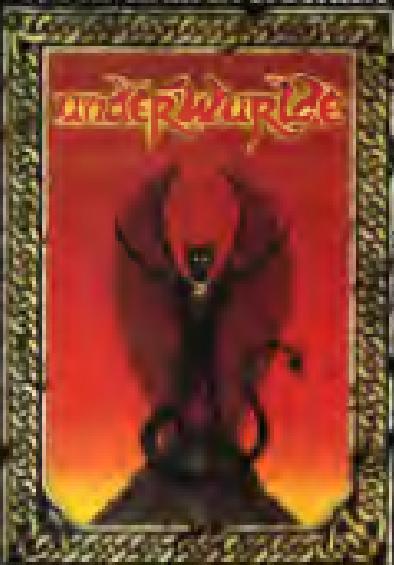


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48K SINCLAIR ZX SPECTRUM



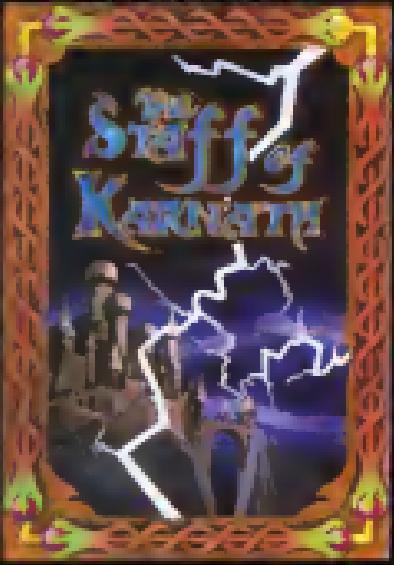
16K SINCLAIR ZX SPECTRUM



BBC MODEL B 1.2 OS
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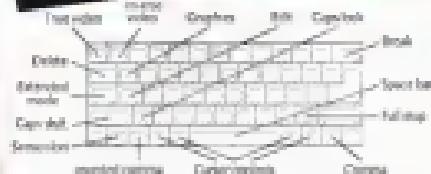
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